

Subject and Predicate

Only click on the link about Subjects and Predicates provided, if you have data.

<https://www.khanacademy.org/humanities/grammar/syntax-sentences-and-clauses/subjects-and-predicates/v/subjects-and-predicates-syntax-khan-academy>

Copy the notes below into your classwork book.

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Subject and Predicate

Sentences can be divided into a **subject** and a **predicate**.

The **subject** says **who** or **what** is **doing the action** in the sentence.

The **predicate** is the **rest of the sentence** and says what is done. It always contains a **verb**.

To find the **subject**, first find the verb, then ask *who* or *what* **did the verb**. For example

The woman (subject) ate the chocolate(predicate).

Who ate the chocolate? The woman.

The **predicate** can be divided into **verb** and **object**.

For example ;

Ate (verb) the chocolate (object)

The **object** tells us who or what is **being acted upon**.

To find the object, ask *who* or *what* after the verb.

For example:

The woman ate what? the chocolate

Not all predicates contain an object. For example;

John sang quietly. The word *quietly* is an adverb. It tells us the manner in which John sang.

It does not tell us what he sang, so there is no object in this sentence.

Turn to Page 77 in your textbook. Follow the instructions and complete exercises 1 to 4 in your classwork book.